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Atty. Dkt. No. 037010-0201

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of analyzing uncertainties in a system having at least two modules, comprising:

propagating an uncertainty distribution associated with each of a set of inputs through a module to produce an uncertainty in a set of outputs of said module;

generating a probabilistically equivalent model of said module, said equivalent model producing a model of said outputs, the equivalent model using polynomial chaos expansions; and

providing said model of said outputs in a common data architecture for use as inputs by any other module in said system.

- 2. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said probabilistically equivalent model is a deterministically equivalent model.
- 3. (Original) The method according to claim 2, wherein said deterministically equivalent model is a reduced-order model.
- 4. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said propagating said uncertainty distribution uses a Monte Carlo method.
- 5. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein at least one of said set of outputs is incorporated into at least one of said set of inputs in a feedback loop.
- 6. (Currently Amended) A method of analyzing uncertainties in a system, comprising: substituting at least one of a plurality modules of a system with a corresponding probabilistically equivalent module model, said equivalent module model adapted to propagate uncertainties in inputs of said module to outputs of said module, the equivalent model using polynomial chaos expansions;

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providing outputs of each of said modules in a common data architecture for use as inputs by any other module, said architecture adapted to propagate uncertainties in said outputs to said inputs of said other module; and

substituting said plurality of modules with a single probabilistically equivalent system model for propagating uncertainties in system inputs to system outputs.

- 7. (Original) The method according to claim 6, further comprising:
- providing an optimization module for optimizing an objective function, said optimization module adapted to receive said system outputs and to vary said system inputs.
- 8. (Original) The method according to claim 7, wherein said objective function is a weighted function of two or more output parameters.
- 9. (Original) The method according to claim 6, wherein said probabilistically equivalent module model is a deterministically equivalent model.
- 10. (Original) The method according to claim 9, wherein said deterministically equivalent model is a reduced-order model.
- 11. (Original) The method according to claim 6, wherein said probabilistically equivalent system model is a deterministically equivalent model.
- 12. (Original) The method according to claim 11, wherein said deterministically equivalent model is a reduced-order model.
- 13-34. (Canceled)
- 35. (Currently Amended) A program product <u>embodied on a computer-readable storage</u> <u>medium</u>, comprising machine readable program code for causing a machine to perform following method steps:

propagating an uncertainty distribution associated with each of a set of inputs through a module to produce an uncertainty in a set of outputs of said module;

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generating a probabilistically equivalent model of said module, said equivalent model producing a model of said outputs, the equivalent model using polynomial chaos expansions; and

providing said model of said outputs in a common data architecture for use as inputs by any other module in said system.

- 36. (Original) The program product according to claim 35, wherein said probabilistically equivalent model is a deterministically equivalent model.
- 37. (Original) The program product according to claim 36, wherein said deterministically equivalent model is a reduced-order model.
- 38. (Original) The program product according to claim 35, wherein said propagating said uncertainty distribution uses a Monte Carlo method.
- 39. (Currently Amended) A program product <u>embodied on a computer-readable storage</u> <u>medium</u>, comprising machine readable program code for causing a machine to perform following method steps, comprising:

substituting at least one of a plurality modules of a system with a corresponding probabilistically equivalent module model, said equivalent module model adapted to propagate uncertainties in inputs of said module to outputs of said module, the equivalent model using polynomial chaos expansions;

providing outputs of each of said modules in a common data architecture for use as inputs by any other module, said architecture adapted to propagate uncertainties in said outputs to said inputs of said other module; and

substituting said plurality of modules with a single probabilistically equivalent system model for propagating uncertainties in system inputs to system outputs.

40. (Original) The program product according to claim 39, wherein said program code causes a machine to further perform the following method step, further comprising:

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providing an optimization module for optimizing an objective function, said optimization module adapted to receive said system outputs and to vary said system inputs.

- 41. (Original) The program product according to claim 40, wherein said objective function is a weighted function of two or more output parameters.
- 42. (Original) The program product according to claim 39, wherein said probabilistically equivalent module model is a deterministically equivalent model.
- 43. (Original) The program product according to claim 42, wherein said deterministically equivalent model is a reduced-order model.
- 44. (Original) The program product according to claim 39, wherein said probabilistically equivalent system model is a deterministically equivalent model.
- 45. (Original) The program product according to claim 44, wherein said deterministically equivalent model is a reduced-order model.